Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly for wiring of a mains electrical power supply from a main mains switch board in a building which is comprised of a loom with at least one cable having at least two separately insulated electrically conducting cores where at least the cores are held together at least at a beginning portion of the loom, the cable or cables is or are each adapted at one end to be secured to a mains switch board in a building, and the cable or cables is or are each terminated with each core being electrically connected to an appropriate connection within a female socket and where there are a plurality of such female outlet sockets which are arranged to be located each at spaced apart locations through a building for convenient connection thereto by a male plug for each switched outlet or appliance, a-wherein the male plug to engage is engageable with a respective one of the sockets.
- 2. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly for wiring of a mains electrical power supply from a main-mains switch board in a building as in claim 1 where there are is at least one male connector adapted to electrically interconnect with a one of the female connectors and where there is a further cable connecting this male connector to a unit at its end.

- 3. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly for a building which is comprised of at least two cables each having at least two separately insulated electrically conducting cores where the said at least two cables are each adapted at one end to be secured to a mains switch board in a building, the said at least two cables are joined together at least at a beginning part of the looms, and each of the cables is terminated with a socket.
- 4. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly as in claim 3 further characterized in that there are more than two cables held together at the least at a beginning of the loom.
- 5. (previously presented) A mains electrical power wiring assembly as in claim 1 further characterized in that the loom at its beginning has ends which are either bared or adapted to be bared so as to be able to be connected into a traditional connector block or other electrical connection.
- 6. (previously presented) A mains electrical power wiring assembly as in claim 1 further characterized in that at least one of the cables is a three core cable and it has at least one three-pin sockets connected at its end.
- 7. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly as in claim 1 further characterized in that each of the cables at its end has a length of cable which is free from been being tethered to the remaining loom of cables.

- 8. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly as in claim 1 further characterized in that each of these the cables may in turn give rise to two more cables at a plurality of branches stemming therefrom.
- 9. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly as in claim 1 further characterized in that, there is provided in conjunction with such a loom, at least one connector is provided which comprises a <u>further</u> cable having a <u>plug</u> at one end a <u>plug</u> and a <u>further</u> socket at a further end, the <u>further</u> [[a]] socket of a type adapted to the <u>be</u> fixed into position as an accessible socket for a user of the building.
- 10. (currently amended) A mains electrical power wiring assembly as in claim 1 further characterized in that such a connector with its socket and its end also includes <u>a switch</u> with the socket, <u>a switch</u> to effect an opening or closing of connection of the cable to pins of the socket.
- 11. (currently amended) A method of wiring a building for mains electrical power, the method comprising: where is the first step of

locating an assembly as characterised in claim 1 in the building; where,

at a beginning of the loom incorporated in the assembly, connecting at least two of the

cores at a beginning of the loom incorporated in the assembly are connected to an electrical

junction connector such as those provided by an electrical power supplier authority either by

way of a metre meter box; or otherwise, and then

locating the loom so that at least some of the sockets are at spaced apart localities for supply of electrical power through each said one of an outlet female socket; and then

locating the sockets in distributed fashion through the building.

- 12. (currently amended) A building which has a mains electrical wiring installation where installation is provided by being a loom as in claim 1 where this is directed to a mains electrical power wiring assembly.
- 13. (previously presented) A building as in claim 12 further characterised in that each female socket is connected electrically so that each electrical pin is connected to a common core in a main backbone cable.
- 14. (currently amended) A mains electrical power supply as in claim 1 for which the assembly is applicable is as an electrical power supply supplying power within the range of approximately 50 Hertz to 60 Hertz frequency and a voltage which will be approximately within a range of from 110 volts to 450 volts.
- 15. (currently amended) A building as in claim 1 directed to a building where there is an integration of a common trunk cable system where there is having a cable or cables at a beginning-first end which is or are held together either by being held by an insulating sleeve or by being tied together by one or more cable ties.
- 16. (currently amended) A method of of wiring a building for the distribution of electrical power through the building where the building includes a mains power supply switch board adapted to be connected or being connected to a mains electrical power supply, the method including the steps of having a pre-made up loom which has at one end electrically connecting ends

adapted to be secured to the electrical power connections of the switchboard-switch board, a common trunk acting as a backbone extending along a length of the loom and having a female socket at each of spaced apart locations from the said- a first end of the trunk, a the female socket having electrical connections completed through a cable of the loom to interconnect electrically the respective receiving pins of the socket to the electrical supply of the switch board.

- 17. (previously presented) A method as in claim 16 further characterised in that the spaced apart locations are spaced apart an equal distance one with respect to the immediately adjacent socket.
- 18. (currently amended) A method as in claim 16 further characterised in that <u>a male plug</u> there is further inserted so as to make electrical contact with at least one of the female sockets a male plug which has a completed electrical cable which has at a further end a completed electrically connected unit.
- 19. (previously presented) A method as in claim 18 further characterised in that the unit is a further female socket and switch adapted to be securely mounted in or on a part of the building.
- 20. (previously presented) A method as in claim 19 further characterised in that the unit is a lighting fixture.